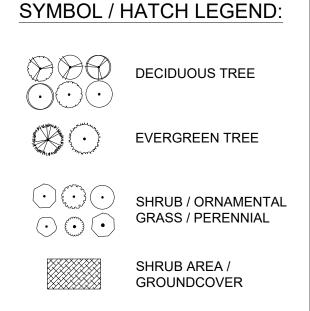
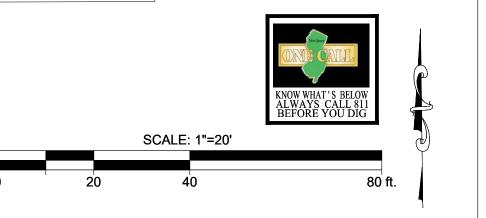


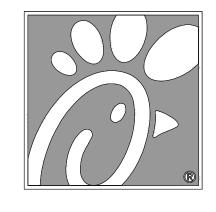


- 1. Landscape Contractor to read and understand the Landsacpe Specifications (sheet L-1.2) prior to finalizing bids. The Landscape Specifications shall be adhered to throughout the construction process.
- Contractor is responsible for locating and protecting all underground utilities prior to digging.
- Contractor is responsible for protecting existing trees from damage during construction. All tree protection devices to be installed prior to the start of land disturbance, and maintained until final
- landscaping. All tree protection areas to be protected from sedimentation.
- All tree protection fencing to be inspected daily, and repaired or replaced as needed.
- No parking, storage or other construction activities are to occur within tree protection areas. 8. All planting areas shall be cleaned of construction debris (ie. concrete, rock, rubble, building materials, etc) prior
- to adding and spreading of the topsoil. 9. General Contractor is responsible for adding a min of 4" clean friable topsoil in all planting beds and all grassed areas. Graded areas to be held down the appropriate elevation to account for topsoil depth. See Landscape
- Specifications for required topsoil characteristics. 10. In all parking lot islands, the General Contractor is responsible to remove all debris, fracture/loosen subrade to a
- landscape island detail. 11. Prior to beginning work, the Landscape Contractor shall inspect the subgrade, general site conditions, verify elevations, utility locations, irrigation, approve topsoil provided by the General Contractor and observe the site conditions under which the work is to be done. Notify the General Contractor of any unsatisfactory conditions,
- 12. Any deviations from the approved set of plans are to be approved by the Landscape Architect.13. Landscaping shall be installed in conformance with ANSI Z60.1 the "American Standard for Nursery Stock" and the accepted standards of the American Association of Nurserymen.
- 14. Existing grass in proposed planting areas shall be killed and removed. Hand rake to remove all rocks and debris larger than 1 inch in diameter, prior to adding topsoil and planting shrubs.
- 15. Soil to be tested to determine fertilizer and lime requirements prior to laying sod. 16. Annual and perennial beds: add min. 4 inch layer of organic material and till to a min. depth of 12 inches. Mulch
- annual and perennial beds with 2-3 inch depth of mini nuggets. 17. All shrubs beds (existing and new) to be mulched with a min. 3 inch layer of mulch (double shredded hardwood
- mulch) [mulch type per region to be specified here]. 18. Planting holes to be dug a minimum of twice the width of the root ball, for both shrub and tree. Set plant material
- 2-3" above finish grade. Backfill planting pit with topsoil and native excavated soil.
- 19. Sod to be delivered fresh (Cut less than 24 hours prior to arriving on site), laid immediately, rolled, and watered thoroughly immediately after planting. Edge of sod at planting beds are to be "V" trenched; see Landscape
- 20. Any existing grass disturbed during construction to be fully removed, regraded and replaced. All tire marks and indentions to be repaired.
- 21. Water thoroughly twice in first 24 hours and apply mulch immediately.
- 22. The Landscape Contractor shall guarantee all plants installed for one full year from date of acceptance by the owner. All plants shall be alive and at a vigorous rate of growth at the end of the guarantee period. The Landscape Contractor shall not be responsible for acts of God or vandalism. See Landscape Specifications for Warranty requirements/expectations.
- 23. Any plant that is determined dead, in an unhealthy, unsightly condition, lost its shape due to dead branches, or other symptoms of poor, non-vigorous growth, shall be replaced by the Landscape Contractor. See Landscape Specifications for warranty requirements/expectations.
- 24. Site to be 100% irrigated in all planting beds and grass area by an automatic underground Irrigation System. See Irrigation Plan L-2.0 for design. Irrigation as-built shall be provided to the Landscape Architect within 24
- hours of irrigation install completion. 25. Stake all evergreen and deciduous trees as shown in the planting detail and as per the Landscape
- 26. Remove stakes and guying from all trees after one year from planting.



LAWN AREA







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WILLIAM H. HAMILTON NJ Licensed Landscape Architect Lic. No. AS00140

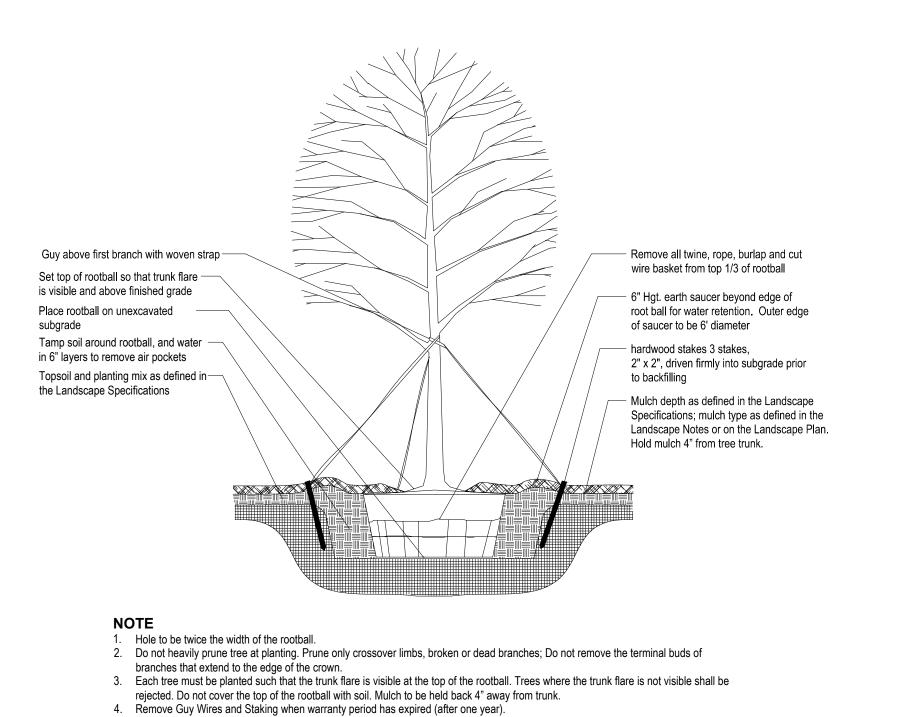
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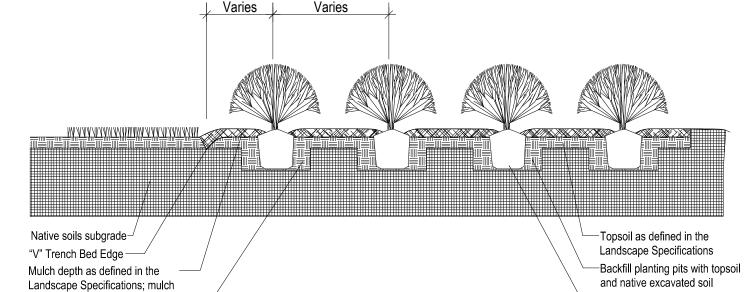
FSU# 04534

REVISION SCHEDULE DESCRIPTION 1 9/29/23 REV PER TOWNSHIP COMMENT

2021-005	CURRENT DESIGN NOTE APPLIED
010014-01-189	PROJECT#
PERMIT	PRINTED FOR
2023-07-25	DATE

LANDSCAPE PLAN



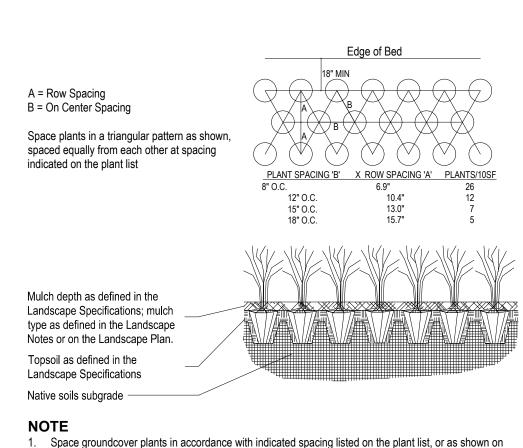


2 SHRUB BED PLANTING DETAIL SCALE: NTS

type as defined in the Landscape

Notes or on the Landscape Plan

Planting pit to be twice the width of the rootball



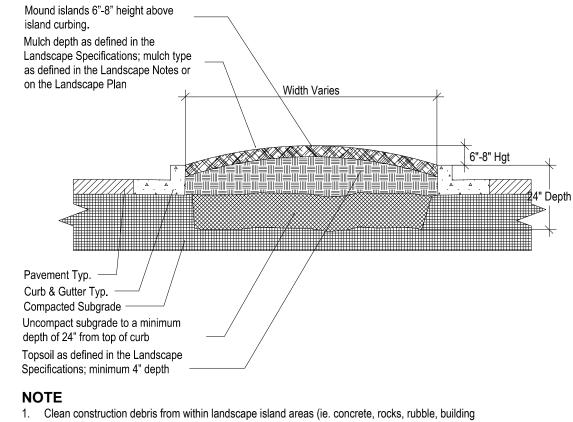
TREE PLANTING AND STAKING DETAIL SCALE: NTS

Space groundcover plants in accordance with indicated spacing listed on the plant list, or as shown on the landscape plan.

Adjust spacing as necessary to evenly fill planting hed with indicated quantity of plants.

Adjust spacing as necessary to evenly fill planting bed with indicated quantity of plants.
 Plant to within 24" of the trunks of trees and shrubs within planting bed and to within 18" of edge of bed.

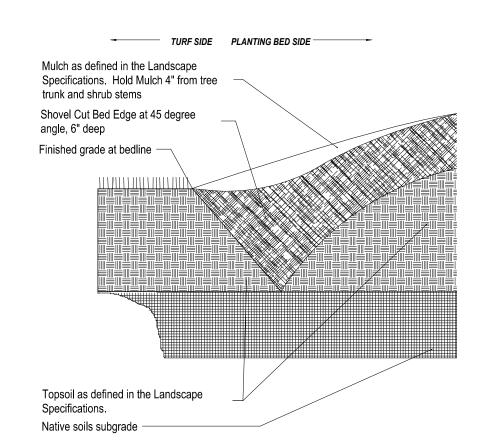
GROUNDCOVER PLANTING DETAIL SCALE: NTS



materials, ect), prior to installing topsoil and plant material.
Fracture/loosen existing subgrade to a minimum 24" depth. Remove and replace any subgrade unsuitable for planting. Once subgrade is clean of debris and loosened, add topsoil to a minimum bermed 6"-8" height above island curbing.

Island plant material as per the Landscape Plan.
 Install plant material as per tree, shrub and ground cover planting details, and as defined in the Landscape Specifications.
 Install mulch or sod as specified on the Landscape Plan, and as defined in the Landscape Specifications.

PARKING ISLAND BERMING DETAIL SCALE: NTS

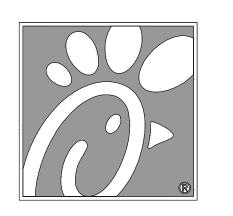


−Shrubs; type and size as

defined on the plant list

5 "V" TRENCHED BED DETAIL SCALE: NTS

	LAND	SCAPE COMPLIANCE CHAR	Γ	
SECTION	ITEM / REQUIREMENT		PROVIDED	COMPLIANCE
§525-A-6		OCATED WHERE THEY MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO DRAINAGE PIPES OR AGEMENT FACILITIES AND SHOULD GENERALLY BE NO CLOSER	PLANT DISTANCE FROM UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND SWM FACILITIES: 10 FT MIN.	COMPLIES
§525-A-8	VISUAL SCREENING IS REQUIRED TO BUFFER ALL TRASH EI STRUCTURES AS IDENTIFIED BY THE ZONING OFFICER.	NCLOSURES, ABOVE GROUND PROPANE TANKS AND OTHER SIMILAR	LANDSCAPE SCREENING PROVIDED AT TRASH ENCLOSURES	COMPLIES
	TREES SHALL BE SPACED EVENLY ALONG THE STREET BET THE CURB AND SIDEWALK IS LESS THAN 5 FEET, SIDEWALK THE RIGHT-OF-WAY TO CREATE A PLANTING STRIP AT LEAS COMMERCIAL AREAS WITH WIDER SIDEWALKS THAT EXTEN	LL STREETS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN APPROVED LANDSCAPE PLAN. WEEN THE CURB AND SIDEWALK. WHERE THE DISTANCE BETWEEN S SHOULD BE PLACED IN A PUBLIC ACCESS EASEMENT OUTSIDE OF ST 5 FEET WIDE TO FACILITATE STREET TREE GROWTH. IN ID TO THE CURB, TREES SHALL BE PLACED IN TREE WELLS WITH SUFFICIENT SOIL VOLUME TO SUPPORT TREE GROWTH AS FOLLOWS:		
	TREE SIZE AT MATURITY (HEIGHT IN FEET)	SOIL VOLUME (IN CUBIC FEET)	STREET TREES ALONG BRUNSWICK TURNPIKE (A.K.A. U.S. ROUTE 1) AND	
§525-C-1	LARGE TREES (45'+)	200	BAKERS BASIN ROAD ARE TO REMAIN AND BE PROTECTED DURING THESE	COMPLIES
	MEDIUM-SIZED TREES (30'-45')	150	IMPROVEMENTS.	
	SMALL TREES (TO 30')	100	_	
	AREAS UNDER SIDEWALKS MAY BE USED TO MEET THE SOLVOLUME IS LOCATED UNDER SUCH HARD PAVING.	L VOLUME REQUIREMENT PROVIDED NO MORE THAN 50% OF THE	_	
	WHEN TREES ARE PLANTED AT PREDETERMINED INTERVAL	S ALONG STREETS, SPACING		
	SHALL DEPEND ON TREE SIZE. TREE SIZE AT MATURITY (HEIGHT IN FEET)	PLANTING INTERVAL (IN FEET)	_	
	LARGE TREES (45'+)	40	STREET TREES ALONG BRUNSWICK TURNPIKE (A.K.A. U.S. ROUTE 1) AND	
§525-C-2	MEDIUM-SIZED TREES (30'-45')	30	BAKERS BASIN ROAD ARE TO REMAIN AND BE PROTECTED DURING THESE	COMPLIES
	SMALL TREES (TO 30')	20	IMPROVEMENTS.	
	TREES MAY BE PLANTED CLOSER TOGETHER IN ORDER TO SIGHT EASEMENTS. AND STREET LIGHTS.	AVOID INTERFERENCE WITH UTILITIES, ROADWAYS, SIDEWALKS,	-	
§525-C-3	DECIDUOUS TREES EXCEPT AS NEEDED TO ACHIEVE SPEC	ESIRED BUT AS A GENERAL RULE, ALL TREES SHALL BE LARGE IAL EFFECTS. TREE SELECTION SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE BOARD SELECTIONS MAY BE APPROVED AT THE DISCRETION OF THE	TREES SELECTED FROM BOARD APPROVED TABLES AND SUITABLE TO REGION.	COMPLIES
§525-C-4	ALL TREES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM CALIPER AS NOTED IN LAND USE ORDINANCE), UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPTED.	THE APPROPRIATE TABLE (TABLES 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, + 5.7 AS SHOWN IN	MINIMUM TREE SIZES SELECTED FROM BOARD APPROVED TABLES	COMPLIES
§525-H-1	THE MINIMUM WIDTH OF A LANDSCAPE BUFFER SHALL BE DUSES ADJACENT TO IT IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE 5.10.	DEPENDENT ON THE PROPOSED USE OF A PROPERTY AND THE LAND	ADJACENT PROPERTIES ALL WITHIN HC (HIGHWAY COMMERCIAL) ZONE	COMPLIES
§525-H-2	THE DENSITY OF PLANTINGS AND THE REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING AND TABLE 5.11	R STRUCTURES SHALL VARY WITH THE WIDTH OF THE BUFFER IN	N/A - LANDSCAPE BUFFER EXCEEDED	COMPLIES
§525-J-1-A-1	NECESSARY TO COVER THE ENTIRE AREA OF THE INTERIOR RATE OF ONE TREE PER 400 SQUARE FEET. NOTWITHSTANI	LL BE PLANTED WITH A QUANTITY OF TREES EQUAL TO THE NUMBER R OF THE BASIN TO THE EMERGENCY SPILLWAY ELEVATION AT A DING THE MINIMUM PLANTING SIZE AS OTHERWISE REQUIRED IN IPER, 20% SHALL BE 1.5" TO 2" CALIPER, AND 70% SHALL BE 6-8' AND SPACED 5 FEET TO 15 FEET ON-CENTER.	N/A - NO PROPOSED ABOVE GROUND BASINS.	COMPLIES
§525-J-1-B	THE GROUND SHOULD BE SEEDED WITH A WILDFLOWER OF REQUIRE SOD OR HYDROSEEDING TO STABILIZE THE BASIN	R WET MEADOW GRASS MIX BUT IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES MAY	N/A - NO PROPOSED ABOVE GROUND BASINS.	COMPLIES
§525-J-1-C	ALL PLANTS SHALL BE TOLERANT OF TYPICAL FLOOD PLAIN WET CONDITIONS PLANTS.	AND WETLAND CONDITIONS. SEE TABLE 5.8 FOR RECOMMENDED	N/A - NO PROPOSED ABOVE GROUND BASINS.	COMPLIES
§525-J-1-E	THE PERIMETER AREA (SLOPES ABOVE THE HIGH WATER L FEET, EVERGREEN TREES AT A RATE OF 30/1000 LINEAL FE	INE) SHALL INCLUDE SHADE TREES AT A RATE OF 60/1000 LINEAL ET AND SUFFICIENT ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS TO SCREEN TREES SHOULD BE GROUPED IN CONCERT WITH THE GROUPING OF	N/A - NO PROPOSED ABOVE GROUND BASINS.	COMPLIES
§525-L-1	PARKING BAYS. IF SIDEWALKS ARE INCORPORATED THROUGH SHALL BE ADDED TO THESE REQUIREMENTS. WHERE THE F	FEET ON THE SIDE OF PARKING SPACES AND 10 FEET BETWEEN JGH THE LONG AXIS OF THE LANDSCAPE ISLANDS, THEIR WIDTH PARKING LOT DESIGN WILL RESULT IN PEDESTRIANS CUTTING VALKS SHALL BE INSTALLED AT REGULAR INTERVALS THROUGH ITS	NO PARKING BAYS PROPOSED.	COMPLIES
§525-L-2	AND GROUND COVER AT THE RATE OF 6 LARGE OR MEDIUM	TION OF DECIDUOUS TREES, EVERGREEN AND DECIDUOUS SHRUBS, M TREES, 4 SMALL OR ORNAMENTAL TREES AND 60 SHRUBS PER 100 B REQUIRED TO BE REPLACED FROM SITE CLEARING PURSUANT TO	COMBINATION OF PLANT MATERIAL PROPOSED WITHIN LANDSCAPE ISLANDS AS REQUIRED.	COMPLIES
§525-L-3	MINIMUM SCREENING HEIGHT AT PLANTING SHALL BE 3 FEE YEARS OF INSTALLATION. LOADING DOCK AREAS SHALL BE	COMBINATION OF BERMS, HEDGES, FENCES OR WALLS. THE ET AND SHALL HAVE A HEIGHT OF AT LEAST 4 FEET WITHIN THREE E SCREENED WITH A MINIMUM HEIGHT OF 8 FEET AT PLANTING AND S AFTER INSTALLATION. LAND USE MITIGATION BUFFERS PURSUANT	MINIMUM PLANT MATERIAL SIZES SELECTED FROM BOARD APPROVED TABLES	COMPLIES
§525-L-4	PARKING LOT LIGHTING SHOULD BE SITED WITHIN LANDSCALIGHTING COVERAGE. SEE ALSO §527 FOR LIGHTING REQUI	APE ISLANDS, HOWEVER, WITHOUT HINDERING NECESSARY REMENTS.	NO PROPOSED PLANT MATERIAL TO HINDER LIGHTING COVERAGE.	COMPLIES
§525-L-5	ISLAND EXCEPT THAT WITHIN A REGIONAL SHOPPING MALL OF THIS REQUIREMENT BY INCREASING THE SIZE OF LANDS	ONE ROW OF PARKING WITHOUT AN INTERVENING LANDSCAPE ROWS OF MORE THAN 20 PARKING SPACES MAY MEET THE INTENT SCAPED ISLANDS AT THE END OF PARKING BAYS AND/OR BY OTHER ENEFIT TO THAT OF THE LANDSCAPED ISLANDS WHICH WOULD	N/A - NO MORE THAN 11 PARKING SPACES PROPOSED IN ONE ROW.	COMPLIES





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WILLIAM H. HAMILTON NJ Licensed Landscape Architect Lic. No. AS00140

HCK-FIL-A WRENCE TOWNSHIP FSU

FSU# 04534

 REVISION SCHEDULE

 NO.
 DATE
 DESCRIPTION

 1
 9/29/23
 REV PER TOWNSHIP COMMENT

2021-005	CURRENT DESIGN NOTE APPLIED
010014-01-189	PROJECT#
PERMIT	PRINTED FOR
2023-07-25	DATE
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SHEET

LANDSCAPE DETAILS

SHEET NUMBER

SHEET NUMBER

DESCRIPTION

Provide trees, shrubs, ground covers, sod, and annuals/perennials as shown and specified on the landscape plan. The work includes:

1. Soil preparation.

- 2. Trees, shrubs, ground covers, and annuals/perennials.
- 3. Planting mixes. 4. Top Soil, Mulch and Planting accessories.
- Maintenance Decorative stone.

Related Work

1. Irrigation System; see irrigation specifications (sheet L-2.2)

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Plant names indicated; comply with "Standardized Plant Names" as adopted by the latest edition of the American Joint Committee of Horticultural Nomenclature. Names of varieties not listed conform generally with names accepted by the nursery trade. Provide stock true to botanical name and legibly tagged.

Comply with sizing and grading standards of the latest edition of "American Standard for Nursery Stock". A plant shall be dimensioned as it stands in its natural position.

All plants shall be nursery grown under climatic conditions similar to those in the locality of the project for a minimum of 2 years.

Nursery Stock furnished shall be at least the minimum size indicated. Larger stock is acceptable, at no additional cost, and providing that the larger plants will not be cut back to size indicated. Provide plants indicated by two measurements so that only a maximum of 25% are of the minimum size indicated and 75% are of the maximum size indicated.

Before submitting a bid, the Contractor shall have investigated the sources of supply and be satisfied that they can supply the listed plants in the size, variety and quality as specified. Failure to take this precaution will not relieve the Contractor from their responsibility for furnishing and installing all plant materials in strict accordance with the Contract Documents without additional cost to the Owner. The Landscape Architect shall approve any substitutes of plant material, or changes in plant material size, prior to the Landscape Contractor submitting a bid.

DELIVER, STORAGE AND HANDLING

Take all precautions customary in good trade practice in preparing plants for moving. Workmanship that fails to meet the highest standards will be rejected. Spray deciduous plants in foliage with an approved "Anti-Desiccant" immediately after digging to prevent dehydration. Dig, pack, transport, and handle plants with care to ensure protection against injury. Inspection certificates required by law shall accompany each shipment invoice or order to stock. Protect all plants from drying out. If plants cannot be planted immediately upon delivery, properly protect them with soil, wet peat moss, or in a manner acceptable to the Landscape Architect. Water heeled-in plantings daily. No plant shall be bound with rope or wire in a manner that could damage or break the branches. Cover plants transported on open vehicles with a protective covering to

PROJECT CONDITIONS

Protect existing utilities, paving, and other facilities from damage caused by landscape operations.

A complete list of plants, including a schedule of sizes, quantities, and other requirements are shown on the drawings. In the event that quantity discrepancies or material omissions occur in the plant materials list, the planting plans shall govern.

The irrigation system will be installed prior to planting. Locate, protect and maintain the irrigation system during planting operations. Repair irrigation system components damaged during planting operations; at the Contractor's expense. Refer to the irrigation specifications, irrigation plan and irrigation details.

Do not begin landscape accessory work before completion of final grading or surfacing.

Warrant plant material to remain alive, be healthy and in a vigorous condition for a period of 1 year after completion and final acceptance of entire project.

Replace, in accordance with the drawings and specifications, all plants that are dead or, are in an unhealthy, or unsightly condition, and have lost their natural shape due to dead branches, or other causes due to the Contractor's negligence. The cost of such replacement(s) is at the Contractor's expense. Warrant all replacement plants for 1 year after installation.

Warranty shall not include damage, loss of trees, plants, or ground covers caused by fires, floods, freezing rains, lightning storms, winds over 75 miles per hour, winter kill caused by extreme cold, severe winter conditions not typical of planting area, and/or acts of vandalism or negligence on a part of the Owner.

Remove and immediately replace all plants, found to be unsatisfactory during the initial planting installation.

Maintain and protect plant material, lawns, and irrigation until final acceptance is made.

- Inspection of planted areas will be made by the Owner's representative.
- 1. Planted areas will be accepted provided all requirements, including maintenance, have been complied with and plant materials are alive and in a healthy, vigorous condition.

Upon acceptance, the Contractor shall commence the specified plant maintenance.

Obtain any necessary permits for this Section of Work and pay any fees required for permits.

The entire installation shall fully comply with all local and state laws and ordinances, and with all established codes applicable thereto; also as depicted on the landscape and irrigation construction set.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

MATERIALS

Plants: Provide typical of their species or variety; with normal, densely developed branches and vigorous, fibrous root systems. Provide only sound, healthy, vigorous plants free from defects, disfiguring knots, sun scald injuries, frost cracks, abrasions of the bark, plant diseases, insect eggs, borers, and all forms of infestation. All plants shall have a fully developed form without voids and open spaces. Plants held on storage will be rejected if they show signs of growth during the storage period.

1. Balled and plants wrapped with burlap, to have firm, natural balls of earth of sufficient diameter and depth to encompass the fibrous and feeding root system necessary for full recovery of the plant. Provide ball sizes complying with the latest edition of the "American Standard for Nursery Stock". Cracked or mushroomed balls, or signs of circling roots are not acceptable.

- 2. Container- grown stock: Grown in a container for sufficient length of time for the root system to have developed to hold its soil together, firm and whole.
- a. No plants shall be loose in the container. Container stock shall not be pot bound.
- 3. Plants planted in rows shall be matched in form.
- 4. Plants larger than those specified in the plant list may be used when acceptable to the Landscape Architect.
- a. If the use of larger plants is acceptable, increase the spread of roots or root ball in
- proportion to the size of the plant. 5. The height of the trees, measured from the crown of the roots to the top of the top branch, shall not be less
- than the minimum size designated in the plant list. 6. No pruning wounds shall be present with a diameter of more than 1" and such wounds must show vigorous
- 7. Evergreen trees shall be branched to the ground or as specified in plant list.
- 8. Shrubs and small plants shall meet the requirements for spread and height indicated in the plant list. a. The measurements for height shall be taken from the ground level to the height of the top of the plant and
- not the longest branch. b. Single stemmed or thin plants will not be accepted.
- c. Side branches shall be generous, well-twigged, and the plant as a whole well-bushed to the ground. d. Plants shall be in a moist, vigorous condition, free from dead wood, bruises, or other root or branch injuries.

ACCESSORIES

bark on all edges.

Topsoil: Shall be Fertile, friable, natural topsoil of loamy character, without admixture of subsoil material, obtained from a well-drained arable site, reasonably free from clay, lumps, coarse sands, stones, roots, sticks, and other foreign materials, with acidity range of between pH 6.0 and 6.8.

Note: All planting areas shall be cleaned of construction debris (ie. Concrete, rubble, stones, building

- material, etc.) prior to adding and spreading of the top soil. 1. Sod Areas: Spread a minimum 4" layer of top soil and rake smooth.
- 2. Planting bed areas: Spread a minimum 4" layer of top soil and rake smooth. 3. Landscape Islands/Medians: Fracture/loosen existing subgrade to a minimum 24" depth. Remove and replace any subgrade unsuitable for planting. Once subgrade is clean of debris and loosened, add topsoil to a minimum berm 6"-8" height above

island curbing

- 4. Annual/Perennial bed areas: Add a minimum of 4" organic matter and till to a minimum 12" depth. Mulch: Type selected dependent on region and availability; see landscape plans for type of much to be used.
- Hold mulch 4" from tree trunks and shrub stems. 1. Hardwood: 6 month old well rotted double shredded native hardwood bark mulch not larger than 4" in
- length and ½" in width, free of wood chips and sawdust. Install minimum depth of 3".
- 2. Pine Straw: Pine straw to be fresh harvest, free of debris, bright in color. Bales to be wired and tightly bound. Needles to be dry. Install minimum depth of 3".

3. River Rock: (color) light gray to buff to dark brown, washed river rock, 1" – 3" in size. Install in shrub beds to an even depth of 3". Weed control barrier to be installed under all rock mulch areas. Use caution during

installation not to damage plant material. 4. Mini Nuggets: Install to a minimum depth of 2"-3" at all locations of annual and perennial beds. Lift the stems and leaves of the annuals and carefully spread the mulch to avoid injuring the plants. Gently brush the mulch off the plants

Guying/Staking:

1. Arbortie: Green (or white) staking and guying material to be flat, woven, polypropylene material, ¾" wide 900 lb. break strength. Arbortie shall be fastened to stakes in a manner which permits tree movement and supports the tree. 2. Remove Guying/Staking after one year from planting.

Tree Wrap: Tree wraps should be used on young, newly planted thin-barked trees (Cherry, Crabapple, Honey Locust, Linden, Maple, Mountain Ash, Plum) that are most susceptible to sun scald/Sunburn. Standard waterproofed tree wrapping paper, 2-1/2" wide, made of 2 layers of crepe Draft paper weighing not less than 30 lbs. per ream, cemented together with asphalt. Wrap the tree in the fall and leave the wrap in place throughout the winter and early spring. Tree wraps are temporary and no longer needed once trees develop corky bark.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

Prior to beginning work, the Landscape Contractor shall inspect the subgrade, general site conditions, verify elevations, utility locations, irrigation, approve top soil provided by the General Contractor and observe the site conditions under which the work is to be done. Notify the General Contractor of any unsatisfactory conditions, and work shall not proceed until such conditions have been corrected and are acceptable to the Landscape Contractor.

PREPARATION

Planting shall be performed only by experienced workmen familiar with planting procedures under the supervision of a qualified supervisor.

If obstructions are encountered that are not shown on the drawings, do not proceed with planting operations until alternate plant locations have been selected and approved by the Landscape Architect; spacing of plant material shall be as shown on the landscape plan.

Locate plants as indicated on the plans or as approved in the field after staking by the Landscape Contractor.

Excavate circular plant pits with vertical sides, except for plants specifically indicated to be planted in beds. Provide shrub pits at least 12" greater than the diameter of the root system and 24" greater for trees. Depth of pit shall accommodate the root system. Provide undisturbed sub grade to hold root ball at nursery grade as shown on the drawings.

Set plant material in the planting pit to proper grade and alignment. Set plants upright, plumb, and faced to give the best appearance or relationship to each other or adjacent structure. Set plant material 2" – 3" above the finish grade. No filling will be permitted around trunks or stems. Backfill the pit with topsoil mix and excavated material. Do not use frozen or muddy mixtures for backfilling. Form a ring of soil around the edge of each planting pit to retain water.

After balled and wrapped in burlap plants are set, muddle planting soil mixture around bases of balls and fill 1. Remove all burlap, ropes, and wires from the top 1/3 of the root ball

Space ground cover plants in accordance with indicated dimensions. Adjust spacing as necessary to evenly fill planting bed with indicated quantity of plants. Plant to within 24" of the trunks of trees and shrubs within planting bed and to within 18" of edge of bed.

1. Mulch tree and shrub planting pits and shrub beds with required mulching material (see landscape plan for mulch type); depth of mulch as noted above. Hold mulch back 4" away from tree trunks and shrub

stems. Thoroughly water mulched areas. After watering, rake mulch to provide a uniform finished surface. Decorative Stone: (where indicated on landscape plan)

1. Install weed control barrier over sub-grade prior to installing stone. Lap 6" on all sides. 2. Place stone without damaging weed barrier. 3. Arrange stones for best appearance and to cover all weed barrier fabric.

Wrapping, guying, staking:

- 1. Inspect trees for injury to trunks, evidence of insect infestation, and improper pruning before wrapping.
- 2. Wrapping: A. Wrap trunks of all young newly planted trees known to have thin bark. Wrap spirally from bottom to top with specified tree wrap and secure in place.
- B. Overlap ½ the width of the tree wrap strip and cover the trunk from the ground to the height of the
- C. Secure tree wrap in place with twine wound spirally downward in the opposite direction, tied around
- the tree in at least 3 places in addition to the top and bottom. Wrap the trees in the fall and leave the wrap in place throughout the winter and early spring.
- E. Tree wraps are temporary and no longer needed once the trees develop corky bark. Staking/Guying:
- A. Stake/guy all trees immediately after lawn sodding operations and prior to acceptance. B. Stake deciduous trees 2" caliper and less. Stake evergreen trees under 7'-0" tall.
- 1. Stakes are placed in line with prevailing wind direction and driven into undisturbed soil. 2. Ties are attached to the tree, usually at the lowest branch.
- C. Guy deciduous trees over 2" caliper. Guy evergreen trees 7'-0" tall and over. 1. Guy wires to be attached to three stakes driven into undisturbed soil, with one stake placed in
- the direction of the prevailing wind. 2. Ties are attached to the tree as high as practical.
- 3. The axis of the stake should be at 90 degree angle to the axis on the pull of the guy wire. 4. Remove all guying and staking after one year from planting.

1. Prune deciduous trees and evergreens only to remove broken or damaged branches.

During landscape/irrigation installation operations, all areas shall be kept neat and clean. Precautions shall be taken to avoid damage to existing structures. All work shall be performed in a safe manner to the operators, the occupants and any pedestrians.

Upon completion of installation operations, all excess materials, equipment, debris and waste material shall be cleaned up and removed from the site; unless provisions have been granted by the owner to use on-site trash receptacles. Sweep parking and walks clean of dirt and debris. Remove all plant tags and other debris

Any damage to the landscape, the structure, or the irrigation system caused by the landscape contractor shall be repaired by the landscape contractor without charge to the owner.

Contractor shall provide maintenance until work has been accepted by the Owner's Representative.

Maintenance shall include mowing, fertilizing, mulching, pruning, cultivation, weeding, watering, and application of appropriate insecticides and fungicides necessary to maintain plants and lawns free of insects and disease. 1. Re-set settled plants to proper grade and position. Restore planting saucer and adjacent material and remove dead material

2. repair guy wires and stakes as required. Remove all stakes and guy wires after 1 year.

3. Correct defective work as soon as possible after deficiencies become apparent and weather and season 4. Water trees, plants and ground cover beds within the first 24 hours of initial planting, and not less than twice per week until final acceptance.

LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

The Contractor shall provide as a separate bid, maintenance for a period of *1 year* after final acceptance of the project landscaping. The Contractor must be able to provide continued maintenance if requested by the Owner or provide the name of a reputable landscape contractor who can provide maintenance.

STANDARDS

All landscape maintenance services shall be performed by trained personnel using current, acceptable horticultural practices.

All work shall be performed in a manner that maintains the original intent of the landscape design.

All chemical applications shall be performed in accordance with current county, state and federal laws, using EPA registered materials and methods of application. These applications shall be performed under the supervision of a Licensed Certified applicator.

Any work performed in addition to that which is outlined in the contract shall only be done upon written approval by the Owner's Representative (General Manager of the restaurant).

All seasonal color selections shall be approved by the General Manager prior to ordering and

SOIL TESTING The maintenance contractor shall perform soil tests as needed to identify imbalances or deficiencies causing plant material decline. The owner shall be notified of the recommendation for approval, and the necessary corrections made at an additional cost to the owner.

Acceptable Soil Test Results

	Landscape Trees and Shrubs	Turf
pH Range	5.0-7.0	6.0-7.0
Organic Matter	>1.5%	>2.5%
Magnesium (Mg)	100+lbs./acre	100+lbs./acre
Phosphorus (P2O5)	150+lbs./acre	150+lbs./acre
Potassium (K2O)	120+lbs./acre	120+lbs./acre
Soluble salts/		
Conductivity	Not to exceed 900ppm/1.9 mmhos/cm in soil; not to exceed 1400 ppm/2.5 mmhos/cm in high organic mix	Not to exceed 750ppm/0.75 mmhos/cm in soil; not to excee 2000 ppm/2.0 mmhos/cm in high organic mix

For unusual soil conditions, the following optional tests are recommended with levels not to exceed: 3 pounds per acre

Manganese	50 pounds per acre
Potassium (K2O)	450 pounds per acre
Sodium	20 pounds per acre

During landscape maintenance operations, all areas shall be kept neat and clean. Precautions shall be taken to avoid damage to existing structures. All work shall be performed in a safe manner to the operators, the occupants and any pedestrians.

Upon completion of maintenance operations, all debris and waste material shall be cleaned up and removed from the site, unless provisions have been granted by the owner to use on-site trash

Any damage to the landscape, the structure, or the irrigation system caused by the maintenance contractor, shall be repaired by the maintenance contractor without charge to the owner.

Prior to mowing, all trash, sticks, and other unwanted debris shall be removed from lawns, plant beds, and paved areas

Warm season grasses (i.e. Bermuda grass) shall be maintained at a height of 1" to 2" during the

Cool season grasses, including blue grass, tall fescue, perennial ryegrass, etc., shall be maintained at a height of 2" to 3" in spring and fall. From June through September, mowing height shall be

maintained at no less than 3". The mowing operation includes trimming around all obstacles, raking excessive grass clippings and removing debris from walks, curbs, and parking areas. Caution: Weed eaters should NOT be used

Edging of all sidewalks, curbs and other paved areas shall be performed once every other mowing. Debris from the edging operations shall be removed and the areas swept clean. Caution shall be used to avoid flying debris.

LIMING & FERTILIZING

A soil test shall be taken to determine whether an application of limestone in late fall is necessary. If limestone is required, the landscape contractor shall specify the rate, obtain approval from the owner and apply it at an additional cost. A unit price for liming of turf shall accompany the bid based on a rate of 50 pounds per 1000 square feet.

Fertilizer shall be applied in areas based on the existing turf species.

LAWN WEED CONTROL: HERBICIDES

around trees because of potential damage to the bark.

Selection and proper use of herbicides shall be the landscape contractor's responsibility. All chemical applications shall be performed under the supervision of a Licensed Certified Applicator. Read the label prior to applying any chemical.

INSECT & DISEASE CONTROL FOR TURF The contractor shall be responsible for monitoring the site conditions on each visit to determine if any insect pest or disease problems exist. The contractor shall identify the insect pest or disease, as well as the host plant, and then consult the most current edition of the Cooperative Extension Service's "Commercial Insecticide Recommendation for Turf" for control. The licensed applicator shall be familiar with the label provided for the selected product prior to application.

Inspection and treatment to control insect pests shall be included in the contract price.

TREES, SHRUBS, & GROUND COVER

All ornamental trees, shrubs and ground cover shall be pruned when appropriate to remove dead or damaged branches, develop the natural shapes. **Do not shear trees or shrubs**. If previous maintenance practice has been to shear and ball, then a natural shape will be restored gradually.

spiraea, etc.

- 1. Prune those that flower before the end of June immediately after flowering. Flower buds develop during the previous growing season. Fall, winter or spring pruning would reduce the
- spring flowering display. 2. Prune those that flower in summer or autumn in winter or spring before new growth
- begins, since these plants develop flowers on new growth. 3. Delay pruning plants grown for ornamental fruits, such as cotoneasters, pyracanthas and 4. Hollies and other evergreens may be pruned during winter in order to use their branches for

seasonal decoration. However, severe pruning of evergreens should be done in early spring only.

has hardened off in late summer. If severe pruning is necessary, it must be done in early

- 5. Broadleaf evergreen shrubs shall be hand-pruned to maintain their natural appearance after the 6. Hedges or shrubs that require shearing to maintain a formal appearance shall be pruned as
- required. Dead wood shall be removed from sheared plants before the first shearing of the 7. Conifers shall be pruned, if required, according to their genus. A.Yews, junipers, hemlocks, arborvitae, and false-cypress may be pruned after new growth
- B.Firs and spruces may be lightly pruned in late summer, fall, or winter after completing growth. Leave side buds. Never cut central leader.

9. Thinning: Remove branches and water sprouts by cutting them back to their point of origin on

C. Pines may be lightly pruned in early June by reducing candles.

8. Groundcover shall be edged and pruned as needed to contain it within its borders.

parent stems. This method results in a more open plant, without stimulating excessive growth. Thinning is used on crepe myrtles, lilacs, viburnums, smoke bush,etc. 10.Renewal pruning: Remove oldest branches of shrub at ground, leaving the younger, more vigorous branches. Also remove weak stems. On overgrown plants, this method may be best done over a three-year period. Renewal pruning may be used on abelia, forsythia, deutzia,

Plants overhanging passageways and parking areas and damaged plants shall be pruned as

Shade trees that cannot be adequately pruned from the ground shall not be included in the Maintenance Contract. A certified arborist under a separate contract shall perform this type of work.

Plant beds shall receive a general cleanup before fertilizing and mulching. Cleanup includes removing debris and trash from beds and cutting back herbaceous perennials left standing through winter, e.g. ornamental grasses, Sedum Autumn Joy.

FERTILIZING

For trees, the rate of fertilization depends on the tree species, tree vigor, area available for fertilization, and growth stage of the tree. Mature specimens benefit from fertilization every 3 to 4 years; younger trees shall be fertilized more often during rapid growth stages.

The current recommendation is based on the rate of 1000 square feet of area under the tree to be fertilized. For deciduous trees, 2 to 6 pounds of Nitrogen per 1000 square feet; for narrow-leaf evergreens, 1 to 4 pounds of Nitrogen per 1000 square feet; for broadleaf evergreens, 1 to 3 pounds of Nitrogen per 1000 square feet.

Shrubs and groundcover shall be top-dressed with compost 1" deep, or fertilized once in March with 10-6-4 analysis fertilizer at the rate of 3 pounds per 100 square feet of bed area. Ericaceous material shall be fertilized with an ericaceous fertilizer at the manufacturer's recommendation rate. If plants are growing poorly, a soil sample should be taken.

MULCHING

Annually, all tree and shrub beds will be prepared and mulched, to a minimum depth of 3" with quality mulch to match existing. Bed preparation shall include removing all weeds, cleaning up said bed, edging and cultivating decayed mulch into the soil. Debris from edging is to be removed from beds where applicable. If deemed necessary, a pre-emergent herbicide may be applied to the soil to inhibit the growth of future weeds.

Organically maintained gardens shall not receive any pre-emergent herbicides. Mulch in excess of 4" will be removed from the bed areas. SPECIAL CARE shall be taken in the mulching operation not to over-mulch or cover the base of trees and shrubs. This can be detrimental to the health of the plants.

All beds shall be weeded on a continuous basis throughout the growing season to maintain a neat

Pre-emergent (soil-applied) and post-emergent (foliar-applied) herbicides shall be used where and

when applicable and in accordance with the product's label. **INSECT & DISEASE CONTROL: TREES, SHRUBS & GROUNDCOVER**

The maintenance contractor shall be responsible for monitoring the landscape site on a regular

basis. The monitoring frequency shall be monthly except for growing season, which will be every

other week. Trained personnel shall monitor for plant damaging insect activity, plant pathogenic diseases and potential cultural problems in the landscape. The pest or cultural problem will be

identified under the supervision of the contractor. For plant damaging insects and mites identified in the landscape, the contractor shall consult and follow the recommendations of the most current edition of the state Cooperative Service publication

Plant pathogenic disease problems identified by the contractor that can be resolved by pruning or physical removal of damaged plant parts will be performed as part of the contract. For an additional charge, plant pathogenic diseases that can be resolved through properly timed applications of fungicides shall be made when the owner authorizes it.

If the contractor notes an especially insect-or disease-prone plant species in the landscape, he/she will suggest replacement with a more pest-resistant cultivar or species that is consistent with the intent of the landscape design.

NOTE: For identification of plant-damaging insects and mites, a reference textbook that can be used is Insects that feed on Trees and Shrubs by Johnson and Lyon, Comstock Publishing Associates. For plan pathogenic diseases, two references are suggested: Scouting and Controlling Woody Ornamental Diseases in Landscapes and Nurseries, authorized by Gary Moorman, published by Penn State College of Agricultural Sciences, and Diseases of Trees and Shrubs by Sinclair and Lyon, published by Comstock Publishing Press.

LEAF REMOVAL All fallen leaves shall be removed from the site in November and once in December. If requested by the owner, the maintenance contractor, at an additional cost to the owner shall perform supplemental

The maintenance contractor shall remove trash from all shrub and groundcover beds with each visit.

WINTER CLEAN-UP The project shall receive a general clean-up once during each of the winter months, i.e., January,

Turning mulch where necessary

on insect control on landscape plant material.

Clean-up includes:

Cleaning curbs and parking areas Removing all trash and unwanted debris

Inspection of grounds SEASONAL COLOR: PERENNIALS, ANNUALS, AND BULBS

The installation of perennials, annuals, and bulbs, unless specified herein, shall be reviewed with the

SEASONAL COLOR MAINTENANCE

Perennialization of Bulbs:

owner, and, if accepted, installed and billed to the owner.

- 1. After flowering, cut off spent flower heads.
- 2. Allow leaves of daffodils and hyacinths to remain for six weeks after flowers have faded. Cut off
- 3. Allow leaves of other bulbs to yellow naturally and then cut off at base. 4. Apply fertilizer after flowering in spring, possibly again in fall. Apply 10-10-10 at the rate of 2 pounds per 1000 square feet, or top-dress with compost 1" deep. Fall fertilization with a bulb fertilizer or mulching with 1" of compost is optional.

Flower Rotation: 1. Bulbs: Remove the entire plant and bulb after flowers have faded or at the direction of the owner,

and install new plants if included in contract.

perennials with compost 1" deep.

e.g. Sedum Autumn Joy and ornamental grasses.

- 2. Summer Annuals or Fall Plants:
- A. Dead heading: Pinch and remove dead flowers on annuals as necessary. Fertilizing Summer Annuals: Fertilize using one or two methods: Apply a slow-release fertilizer

in May following manufacturer's recommendations. A booster such as 10-10-10 may be

Removal: If fall plants are to be installed, summer annuals shall be left in the ground until the

necessary in late summer. Or, apply liquid fertilizations of 20-20-20 water-soluble fertilizers. not to exceed 2 pounds of 20-20-20 per 100 gallons of water, monthly; or mulch with compost

first killing frost and then removed, unless otherwise directed by the owner.

4. Long-term Care:

1. After initial installation, if a time-released fertilizer has been incorporated during plant installation, no more fertilizer need be applied the first growing season.

- 2. The following year: A. Fertilize perennials with a slow-release fertilizer or any 50% organic fertilizer, or mulch
- B. Cut all deciduous perennials flush to the ground by March 1, if this was not done the previous fall, to allow new growth to develop freely Mulch the perennial bed once in early spring at 1"-2" depth. If soil is bared in late fall, re-mulch lightly after ground is frozen to protect perennials

D. Inspect for insect or disease problems on perennials. Monitor and control slugs on hostas and

ligularias. Powdery mildew on phlox, monardas, and asters can be prevented with properly

timed fungicides or use of disease-resistant varieties. Weed perennial bed as specified in "WEEDING" above. Prune branching species to increase density. Cut only the flowering stems after blooming. Do not remove the foliage.

3. The following fall cut back deteriorating plant parts unless instructed to retain for winter interest,

A. Divide plants that overcrowd the space provided. Divide according to the species. Some need frequent dividing, e.g. asters and yarrow every two years; other rarely, if ever, e.g. peonies, hostas, and astilbe. B. For detailed information regarding the care of specific perennials, refer to All About

Identification, Culture and Garden Attributes by Allan Armitage, Stipes Pub LLC.

Perennials by Ortho; Perennials: How to Select, Grow and Enjoy by Pamela Harper and

Frederick McGouty, Hp Books Publisher: Herbaceous Perennial Plants: A Treatise on their

SUMMARY OF MAINTENANCE

LAWN MAINTENANCE

1. Soil analysis performed annually to determine pH. If pH does not fall within specified range, adjust according to soil test recommendations.

2. Maintain proper fertility and pH levels of the soil to provide an environment conducive to turf vitality for cool season grasses

3. Mow warm and cool season on a regular basis and as season and weather dictates. Remove no more than the top 1/3 of leaf blade. Clippings on paved and bed areas will be removed.

4. Aerate warm season turf areas to maintain high standards of turf appearance. 5. Apply pre-emergent to turf in two applications in early February and early April to extend barrier.

Apply post emergent as needed to control weeds. Mechanically edge curbs and walks

8. Apply non-selective herbicide, to mulched bed areas and pavement and remove excess runners to maintain clean defined beds

TREE, GROUNDCOVER, AND SHRUB BED MAINTENANCE 1. Prune shrubs, trees and groundcover to encourage healthy growth and create a natural

appearance. 2. Mulch to be applied in February/March with a half rate in late summer to top dress. Apply pre-emergent herbicides in February and April.

. Manual weed control to maintain clean bed appearance.

. Apply fungicides and insecticides as needed to control insects and disease. 6. Ornamental shrubs, trees and groundcovers to be fertilized three (3) times per year with a balanced material (January/February, April/May, and October/November)

8. Remove all litter and debris.

7. Edge all mulched beds.

GENERAL MAINTENANCE 1. Remove all man-made debris, blow edges.

2. Inspect grounds on a monthly basis and schedule inspection with Unit Operator.



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WILLIAM H. HAMILTON NJ Licensed Landscape Architect Lic. No. AS00140

HIGHW,

1 9/29/23 REV PER TOWNSHIP COMMENT

REVISION SCHEDULE

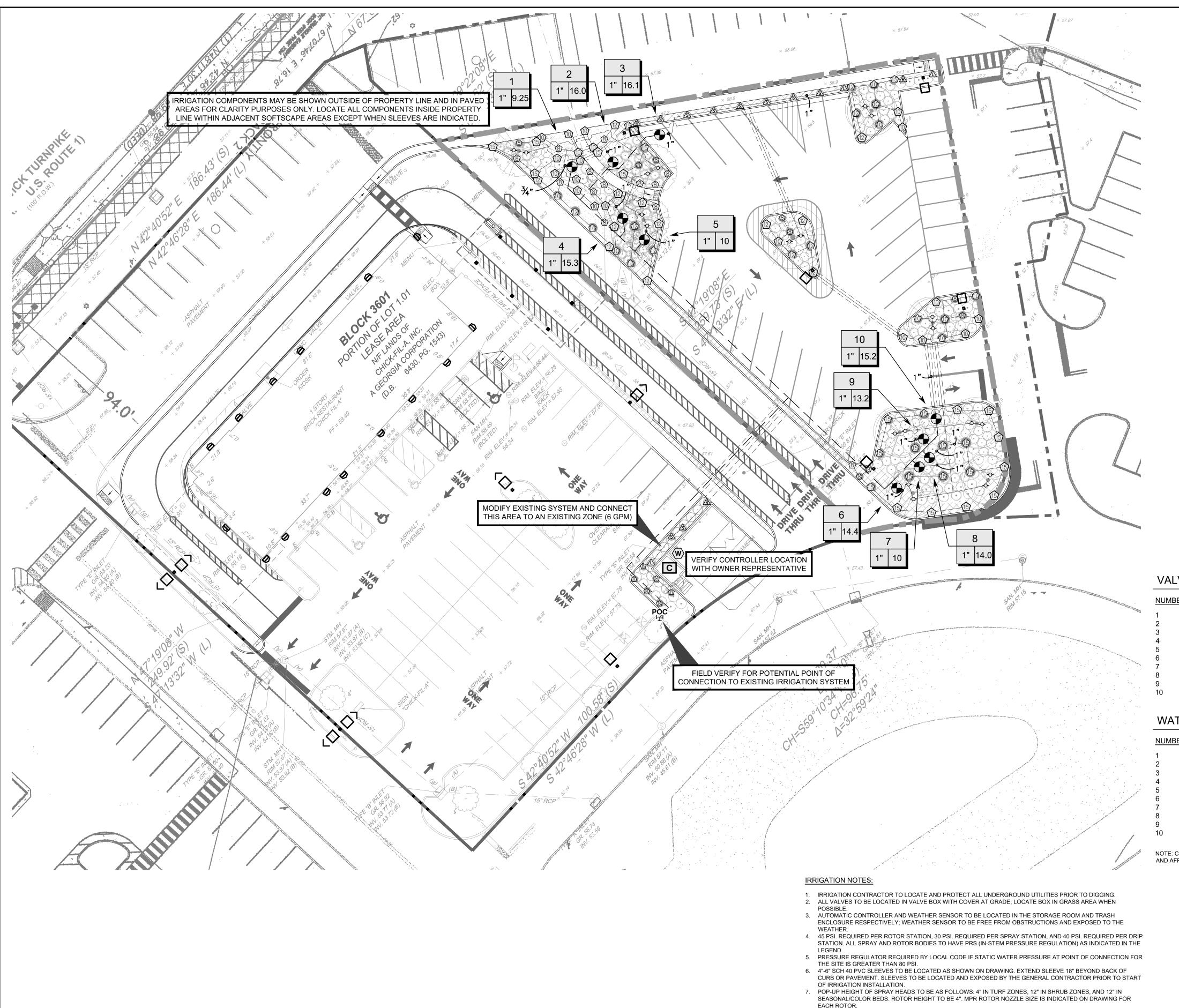
CURRENT DESIGN 2021-005 NOTE APPLIED PROJECT# 010014-01-189 PRINTED FOR PERMIT 2023-07-25

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LANDSCAPE & MAINTENANCE

SPECIFICATIONS

DRAWN BY



IRRIGATION SCHEDULE MANUFACTURER/MODEL/DESCRIPTION Rain Bird 1804-U-SAM-PRS U8 Series Turf Spray 4in. Pop-Up Sprinkler with Co-Molded Wiper Seal. 1/2in. NPT Female Threaded Inlet. With Seal-A-Matic Check Valve. Pressure Regulating. Rain Bird 1804-U-SAM-PRS U10 Series Turf Spray 4in. Pop-Up Sprinkler with Co-Molded Wiper Seal. 1/2in. NPT Female Threaded Inlet. With Seal-A-Matic Check Valve. Pressure Regulating. Rain Bird 1804-U-SAM-PRS U12 Series 1 Turf Spray 4in. Pop-Up Sprinkler with Co-Molded Wiper Seal. 1/2in. NPT Female Threaded Inlet. With Seal-A-Matic Check Valve. Pressure Regulating. Rain Bird 1804-U-SAM-PRS U15 Series 13 15 15 35 16 35 1/2in. NPT Female Threaded Inlet. With Seal-A-Matic Check Valve. Pressure Regulating. Rain Bird 1804-U-SAM-PRS HE-VAN Series Turf Spray 4in. Pop-Up Sprinkler with Co-Molded Wiper Seal. 10HE-VAN 15HE-VAN 1/2in. NPT Female Threaded Inlet. With Seal-A-Matic Check Valve. Pressure Regulating. Rain Bird 1812-SAM-PRS-U 15 Strip Series Shrub Spray, 12in. Pop-Up Sprinkler with Co-Molded Wiper Seal. 1/2in. NPT Female Threaded Inlet. With Seal-A-Matic Check Valve, and Pressure Regulating Device. Rain Bird 1800-1400 Flood Fixed flow rate 0.25 GPM - 2.0 GPM, full circle bubbler, 1/2in. <u>SYMBOL</u> MANUFACTURER/MODEL/DESCRIPTION Rain Bird PGA Globe 1in., 1-1/2in., 2in. Electric Remote Control Valve, Globe. Point of Connection 1" 1,587 l.f. Irrigation Lateral Line: PVC Class 200 SDR 21 —— — Irrigation Mainline: PVC Schedule 40 219.8 l.f. __ _ _ _ _ _ _ Pipe Sleeve: PVC Schedule 40

VALVE SCHEDULE

	NUMBER	MODEL	SIZE	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>GPM</u>	DESIGN PSI	<u>PSI</u>	PSI @ POC	PRECIP	
2	1	Rain Bird PGA Globe	1"	Turf Spray	9.25	30	36.2		1.7 in/h	
	2	Rain Bird PGA Globe	1"	Turf Spray	16.03	30	37.2		1.67 in/h	
	3	Rain Bird PGA Globe	1"	Shrub Spray	16.12	30	38.6		2.26 in/h	
	4	Rain Bird PGA Globe	1"	Turf Spray	15.25	30	36.9		1.63 in/h	
	5	Rain Bird PGA Globe	1"	Bubbler	10	30	38.2		3.61 in/h	
	6	Rain Bird PGA Globe	1"	Turf Spray	15.2	30	39.1		1.8 in/h	
	7	Rain Bird PGA Globe	1"	Bubbler	10	30	36.4		3.65 in/h	
	8	Rain Bird PGA Globe	1"	Turf Spray	14.78	30	36.3		1.22 in/h	
	9	Rain Bird PGA Globe	1"	Shrub Spray	14.49	30	36.5		1.03 in/h	
	10	Rain Bird PGA Globe	1"	Turf Spray	14.15	30	36.8		1.12 in/h	

Valve Callout

WATERING SCHEDULE

8. ALL PIPES, AUTOMATIC VALVES, BACKFLOW PREVENTOR, MANUAL VALVE AND METER TO BE LOCATED WITHIN

13. ALL PIPE, VALVES, DRIP, SPRAY HEADS, ROTORS, CONTROLLERS, AND WEATHER SENSORS TO BE INSTALLED AS

PER MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. FOR ANY QUESTIONS ON RAINBIRD PRODUCTS OR INSTALLATION OF

9. IRRIGATION METER AND BACKFLOW PREVENTOR TO BE PROVIDED BY THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR.

12. NO ROCKS, BOULDERS, OR OTHER EXTRANEOUS MATERIALS TO BE USED IN BACKFILLING TRENCHES.

16. MUST USE PRODUCTS SPECIFIED ON THIS DRAWING, UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE 17. IRRIGATION CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN AS-BUILT DRAWING TO THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT; THIS

18. IRRIGATION CONTRACTOR TO PERFORM A WALK-THRU INSPECTION WITH THE STORE OPERATOR OF THE

19. IRRIGATION IS TO BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN, UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.

11. ALL LATERAL AND SUB-MAIN PIPE TO HAVE A MINIMUM OF 12" AND MAXIMUM OF 18" COVER.

15. ALL LINES TO BE THOROUGHLY FLUSHED BEFORE INSTALLATION OF SPRINKLER HEADS.

DRAWING SHALL BE OVER-NIGHTED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION.

FUNCTIONING SYSTEM PRIOR TO OPENING BUT NO LATER THAN ONE WEEK AFTER OPENING.

PROPERTY LINES. SHOWN OUTSIDE ON DRAWING FOR CLARITY ONLY.

RAINBIRD PRODUCTS CALL DONN MANN 520-904-1146

10. ALL 1.5" MAINLINES (CLASS 200 PVC PIPE) TO HAVE A MINIMUM OF 18" COVER.

14. ALL THREADED JOINTS TO BE COATED WITH TEFLON TAPE OR LIQUID TEFLON.

NUMBER	MODEL	<u>TYPE</u>	PRECIP	IN./WEEK	MIN./WEEK	GAL./WEEK	GAL./DAY
1	Rain Bird PGA Globe	Turf Spray	1.7 in/h	0.5	18	166.5	23.8
2	Rain Bird PGA Globe	Turf Spray	1.67 in/h	0.5	18	288.5	41.2
3	Rain Bird PGA Globe	Shrub Spray	2.26 in/h	0.5	14	225.6	32.2
4	Rain Bird PGA Globe	Turf Spray	1.63 in/h	0.5	19	289.8	41.4
5	Rain Bird PGA Globe	Bubbler	3.61 in/h	0.5	9	90	12.9
6	Rain Bird PGA Globe	Turf Spray	1.8 in/h	0.5	17	258.4	36.9
7	Rain Bird PGA Globe	Bubbler	3.65 in/h	0.5	9	90	12.9
8	Rain Bird PGA Globe	Turf Spray	1.22 in/h	0.5	25	369.6	52.8
9	Rain Bird PGA Globe	Shrub Spray	1.03 in/h	0.5	30	434.6	62.1
10	Rain Bird PGA Globe	Turf Spray	1.12 in/h	0.5	27	382.1	54.6
		TOTALS:			186	2,595	370.7

NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL LAMINATE A COPY OF THE ABOVE SCHEDULE AND AFFIX IT TO THE INSIDE COVER OF THE IRRIGATION CONTROLLER.

INFORMATION REGARDING THE EXISTING IRRIGATION SYSTEM WAS NOT KNOWN AT THE TIME OF THIS DESIGN. IRRIGATION CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING SYSTEM COMPONENTS AND THEIR LOCATIONS, AND DETERMINE LOCATION FOR POINT OF CONNECTION TO PROPOSED SYSTEM COMPONENTS.

CONTRACTOR TO FOLLOW ALL LOCAL JURISDICTION LAWS AND REGULATIONS FOR THE INSTALLATION OF PROPOSED IRRIGATION COMPONENTS, AND, IF APPLICABLE, ENSURE THE EXISTING SYSTEM IS UP TO CODE PRIOR TO CONNECTION TO PROPOSED COMPONENTS.



IRRIGATION PLAN

NOTE APPLIED

PROJECT#

FSU# 04534

1 9/29/23 REV PER TOWNSHIP COMMENT

010014-01-189

2023-07-25

5200 Buffington Rd.

Atlanta Georgia,

30349-2998

Bowman

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Parsippany, New Jersey 07054 Phone: 973-359-8400

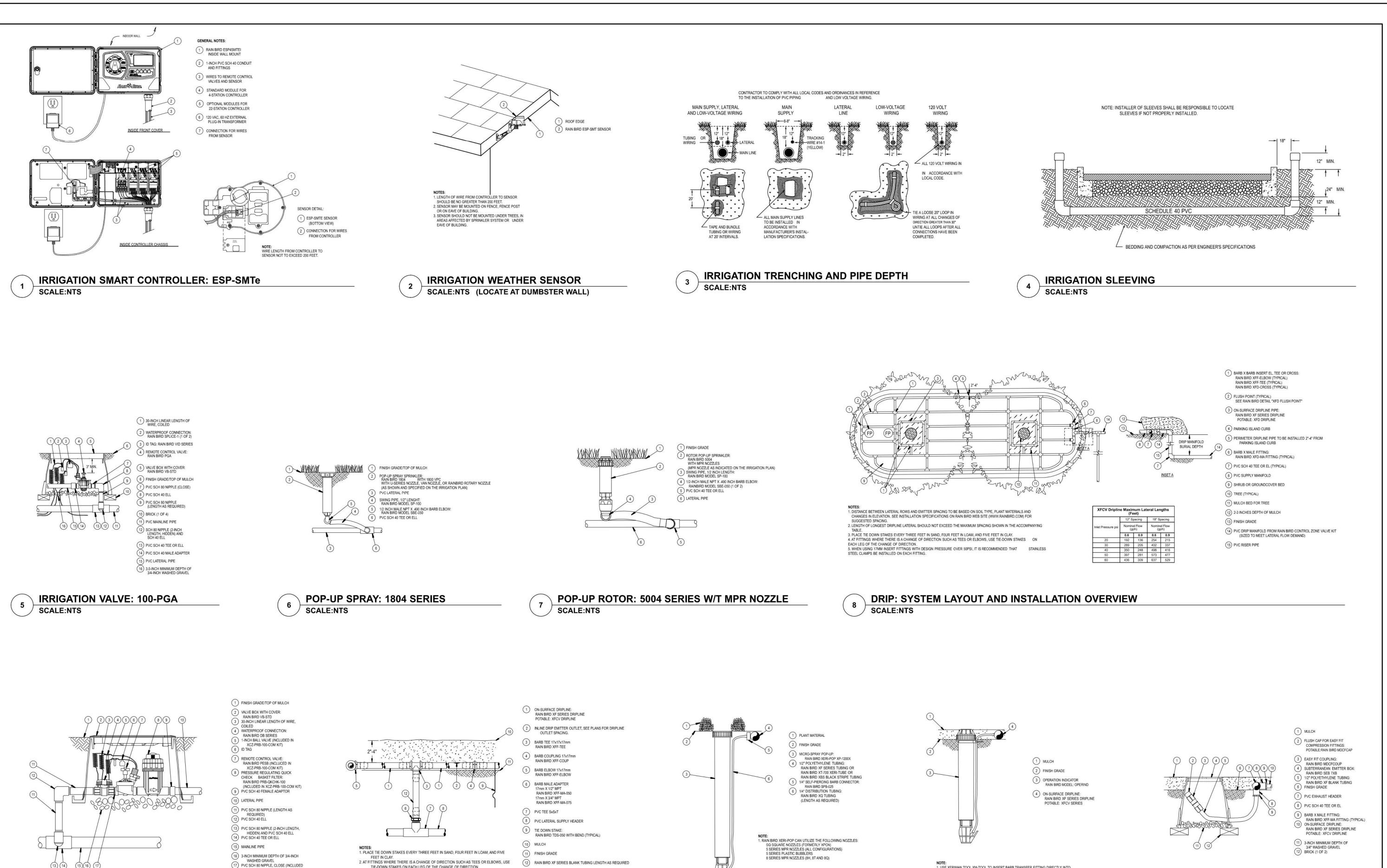
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WILLIAM H. HAMILTON

NJ Licensed Landscape Architect Lic. No. AS00140

*** EXISTING SYSTEM INFORMATION ***

*** IMPORTANT NOTE ***



DRIP VALVE: XCZ-PRB-100-COM SCALE:NTS

15 (16) (17)

DRIP: ON-SURFACE RISER ASSEMBLY

TIE-DOWN STAKES ON EACH LEG OF THE CHANGE OF DIRECTION.

3. SAVE YOUR HANDS. USE THE RAIN BIRD FITTINS-TOOL XF INSERTION TOOL FOR FITTING

IN XCZ-PRB-100-COM KIT)

(12) RAIN BIRD XF SERIES BLANK TUBING LENGTH AS REQUIRED

DRIP: XERI-POP MICRO SPRAY SCALE:NTS (FOR USE AT COLOR BEDS)

DRIP: PERATION INDICATOR SCALE:NTS

1. USE XERIMAN TOOL XM-TOOL TO INSERT BARB TRANSFER FITTING DIRECTLY INTO

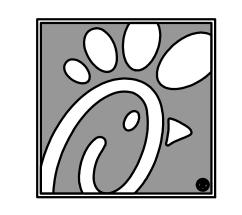
DRIPLINE TUBING.

2. VAN NOZZLE MAY BE SET TO CLOSED, OR IF IT IS DESIRED TO SEE SPRAY FROM THE NOZZLE, SET THE ARC TO 164 PATTERN. THE FLOW FROM THE NOZZLE, 0.3 GPM, SHOULD BE ACCOUNTED FOR IN THE SYSTEM DESIGN.

> **DRIP: DRIPLINE FLUSH POINT** SCALE:NTS

FLUSHED WATER OUTSIDE VALVE BOX.

1. ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 6-INCHES OF DRIPLINE TUBING IN VALVE BOX IN ORDER TO DIRECT





5200 Buffington Rd. Atlanta Georgia,

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Seal

WILLIAM H. HAMILTON NJ Licensed Landscape Architect Lic. No. AS00140

HIGHWA

FSU# 04534

REVISION SCHEDULE
NO. DATE 1 9/29/23 REV PER TOWNSHIP COMMENT

2021-005	CURRENT DESIGN NOTE APPLIED
010014-01-189	PROJECT#
PERMIT	PRINTED FOR
2023-07-25	DATE
SK	DRAWN BY

IRRIGATION DETAILS

IRRIGATION COMPONENTS AND/OR SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

SECTION INCLUDES

Work to be performed under this Section shall consist of furnishing all labor and materials necessary to construct a complete working and tested sprinkler irrigation system as per all drawings and

REFERENCES

- A. ANSI American National Standards Institute
- B. ASIC American Society of Irrigation Consultants: ASIC Grounding Guideline.
- C. ASSE American Society of Sanitary Engineering: ASSE 1013, 1015: Backflow Preventers, Pressure Reducers.
- D. ASTM American Society of Testing and Materials
- E. IA The Irrigation Association: Main BMP Document.
- F. NFPA National Fire Protection Association: NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.
- G. UL Underwriters Laboratories: UL Wires and Cables.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. All work to be performed to current standards of SEI and of the local governing municipality.
- B. PVC Pipe: Must be stamped with certified NFS.
- C. Contractor shall be responsible to obtain all necessary permits and to comply with electrical company requirements.
- D. No substitutions of materials are allowed unless approved by Landscape Architect.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Contractor shall have considerable experience and demonstrate ability in the installation of irrigation system(s) of specified type(s) in a neat, orderly, and responsible manner in accordance with recognized standards of workmanship.
- B. All work shall be performed in accordance with the best standards of practice relating to the trade.
- C. Contractor shall provide an irrigation as-built drawing to the designer responsible for the irrigation plan. This drawing shall be overnighted to the respective party within 24 hours of installation completion.

WARRANTY

A. Contractor shall provide a one year warranty that covers all workmanship and labor. B. Contractor shall provide a five year warranty that covers all materials

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Material: PVC
- B. Pressure Pipe: Class 200.
- C. Lateral Pipe: Class 200, Polyethylene for Northeastern Climate.
- D. Fittings: Schedule 40, solvent welded or threaded.
- E. Risers: Schedule 80, threaded. F. Sleeves: Schedule 40, minimum 4".

AUTOMATIC CONTROLLER

- A. Irrigation controller specifications include but are not limited to:
- 1. The controller shall be of a hybrid type that is microelectronic circuitry capable of fully automatic or manual operation.
- 2. All stations shall have the capability of independently obeying or ignoring the weather sensor as well as using or not using the master valve.
- 3. The controller shall have the capability of shutting off the system on rainy days.
- B. Control zone kit for drip zones with flows from 3 to 15 gpm (11.4 to 56.8 l/m), including control valve
- (CV) and pressure-regulating filter (PRF).
- 1. Control Valve (CV) component specifications include: a. Valve body and bonnet constructed of high impact, weather-resistant plastic, stainless steel
- and other chemical/ultra-violet resistant materials b. One unit diaphragm constructed of durable Buna-N rubber with a clog resistant metering
- c. Inlet pressure rating of 15 to 150 psi (1.0 to 10.3 bar).
- 2. Pressure Regulating Filter (PRF) component specifications include:
- a. Compact "Y" filter body and cap configuration constructed of glass-filled, ultra-violet resistant polypropylene, with 150 psi (10.3 bar) operating pressure rating.
- b. 200 mesh (75 micron) filter screen constructed of stainless steel.
- Normally-open pressure regulating device with preset outlet pressure of 40 psi (2.8 bar). . Regulated pressure of 40 psi (2.8 bar).
- C. Low flow control zone kit for drip zones with flows from 0.2 to 5.0 gpm (0.8 to 18.9 l/m), including Low Flow Valve (LFV) and Pressure-Regulating Filter (PRF).
- Low flow valve (LFV) component specifications include: a. Valve body and bonnet constructed of high impact, weather-resistant plastic, stainless steel
- and other chemical/ultra-violet resistant materials. b. One unit diaphragm constructed of durable Buna-N rubber material with a clog resistant
- metering orifice.
- Inlet pressure rating of 15 to 150 psi (1.0 to 10.3 bar).
- 2. Pressure regulating filter (PRF) component specifications include: a. Compact "Y" filter body and cap configuration constructed of glass-filled, ultra-violet
- resistant polypropylene, with 150 psi (10.3 bar) operating pressure rating. b. 200 mesh (75 micron) filter screen constructed of stainless steel.
- Normally-open pressure regulating device with preset outlet pressure of 30 psi (2.1 bar). 3. Regulated pressure of 30 psi (2.1 bar).

POP-UP SPRINKLERS

- A. Irrigation spray body for small turf areas (2.5-24 feet (0.8-7.3m) with a 30 psi (2.0 bar) pressure regulating device specifications include but are not limited to:
- 1. Parts and components to withstand harsh operating conditions using chemically treated recycled water (reclaimed/non-potable), dirty water containing grit, debris, and other particulates, high operating pressures common in commercial irrigation and resistant to
- 2. Pressure-activated, co-molded soft elastomer wiper seal composed of three wipers and a base seal to ensure a positive seal without excess "flow-by" which enables more heads to be installed on the same valve.
- 3. Recessed debris pockets located in the base of the spray body to prevent recirculation of harmful debris during operation.
- 4. Shall include a check valve to prevent low head drainage of up to 14 feet (4.3 m); 6 psi (0.4
- 5. Shall include technology built into the stem to prevent water loss and alert maintenance when a
- spray nozzle is removed. 6. Flow by rating of 0 at 15 psi (1.0 bar) or greater, 0.5 gpm (0.1 m3/h; 0.03 l/s) otherwise.
- 7. Shall include ½" (15/21) NPT female threaded bottom inlet. 8. The spray body, stem, nozzle, and screen shall be constructed of heavy-duty and ultra-violet
- resistant plastic. 3. Irrigation spray body for small turf areas (2.5-24 feet (0.8-7.3m) with a 45 psi (3.1 bar) pressure
- regulating device specifications include but are not limited to: 1. Parts and components to withstand harsh operating conditions using chemically treated recycled water (reclaimed/non-potable), dirty water containing grit, debris, and other particulates, high operating pressures common in commercial irrigation and resistant to
- ultra-violet light. 2. Pressure-activated, co-molded soft elastomer wiper seal composed of three wipers and a base seal to ensure a positive seal without excess "flow-by" which enables more heads to be installed on the same valve.
- 3. Recessed debris pockets located in the base of the spray body to prevent recirculation of harmful debris during operation.
- 4. Shall include a check valve to prevent low head drainage of up to 14 feet (4.3 m); 6 psi (0.4
- 5. Shall include technology built into the stem to prevent water loss and alert maintenance when a
- spray nozzle is removed. 6. Flow by rating of 0 at 15 psi (1.0 bar) or greater, 0.5 gpm (0.1 m3/h; 0.03 l/s) otherwise.
- 7. Shall include ½" (15/21) NPT female threaded bottom inlet.
- 8. The spray body, stem, nozzle, and screen shall be constructed of heavy-duty and ultra-violet resistant plastic.

SPRAY NOZZLES

- A. Fixed or variable arc matched precipitation rate spray nozzle for small turf areas (3-15 feet (.91-4.6 m), maximum 30 psi (2.1 bar) specifications include but are not limited to:
- Shall be constructed of ultra-violet resistant plastic.
- 2. Shall contain a stainless steel flow and radius adjustment screw allowing up to 25% radius
- 3. Nozzle shall have a precipitation rate that is matched across sets and patterns of spray nozzles up to 15 feet (4.6 m).
- 4. Shall include color coding marking on top of nozzle for easy identification of spray radius. B. Dual orifice fixed arc nozzle for small turf areas (5-15 feet (1.7-4.6 m), maximum 30 psi (2.1 bar)
- specifications include but are not limited to:
- Shall be constructed of ultra-violet resistant plastic.
- 2. Shall contain a stainless steel flow and radius adjustment screw allowing up to 25% radius
- 3. The nozzle shall have dual orifices for both in-close watering and standard pattern watering with a matched precipitation rate between sets and matched flow and with other matched
- precipitation rate fixed spray nozzles up to 15 feet (4.6 m). 4. Shall include color coding marking on top of nozzle for easy identification of spray radius.
- C. Multi stream rotating nozzle for small turf areas (8-24 feet (2.4-7.4m), maximum 55 psi (3.8 bar) specifications include but are not limited to:
- Shall be constructed of ultra-violet resistant plastic. 2. Shall contain a stainless steel radius adjustment screw allowing reduction to 13 feet (4.0 m).
- 4. Shall have a color coded radius reduction plug to allow for easy identification of fixed arc
- 3. Shall have a matched precipitation rate of 0.60 in/hr (15.2 mm/hr).

- A. Pop-up rotor sprinkler for medium turf areas (25-47 feet (7.6-14.3 m), maximum 75 psi (5.2 bar) specifications include but are not limited to:
- 1. Shall have adjustable arc rotation of 40 to 360 degrees (0.7 to 6.3 rad) and reversing full circle
- 2. Shall have a flow shut-off device that is integrated into the flow path of the sprinkler. 3. Shall have a pressure-activated, multi-function wiper seal that protects internals from debris
- and assures positive pop-up and retraction.
- 4. Shall contain additional o-rings and seals for extra protection in "gritty" water. 5. Operating precipitation rate of 0.20 to 1.01 inches per hour (5 to 26 mm/h).
- 6. Operating flow rate of 0.73 to 8.31 gpm (0.17 to 1.85 m3/h). 7. The body, stem, nozzle, and screen shall be constructed of heavy-duty and ultra-violet resistant
- 8. Shall include a 45 psi (3.1 bar) pressure regulating device to prevent high pressure misting to
- the nozzle stream. 9. Shall include an internal check valve to prevent low head drainage of up to 7 feet (2.1 m) to
- prevent puddling, run-off and erosion. 10. Shall include a set of twelve interchangeable nozzles, 8 nozzles with 25 degree (0.4 rad)
- trajectory and 4 low-angle nozzles with 10 degree (0.2 rad) trajectory. FLEXIBLE SWING PIPE
- A. Swing pipe specifications include but are not limited to:
- 1. Swing pipe shall be flexible black tubing constructed of linear low density polyethylene material with a wall thickness of 0.098" (0.3 cm) with a nominal inside diameter of 0.49" (1.2 cm).

DRIPLINE

ROTOR HEADS

A. Distribution tubing specifications include but are not limited to:

2. Pipe shall be capable of a flow up to 8 gpm (0.5 l/s).

- 1. The blank tubing shall be manufactured from flexible polyethylene material with a wall thickness of 0.049" (1.2 mm), outside diameter of 0.634" (16.1 mm), and inside diameter of 0.536" (13.6
- 2. The tubing shall be dual-layered (brown over black).

INLINE EMITTER DRIPLINE

- A. Sub-surface inline emitter tubing specifications include but are not limited to:
- . The tubing shall be manufactured from flexible polyethylene material with wall thickness of 0.049" (1.2 mm), outside diameter of 0.634" (16 mm), and inside diameter of 0.536" (13.6 mm).
- 2. The tubing shall have factory installed pressure-compensating, inline emitters with a copper shield device installed every 12, 18, or 24 inches (30.5, 45.7, 61 cm) as indicated on construction drawings.
- 3. Operating pressure range of 8.5 to 60 psi (0.6 to 4.1 bar).
- 4. Operating emitter flow rates of 0.6 and 0.9 gph (2.3 l/hr and 3.5 l/hr).

DISTRIBUTION TUBING

- A. ½" distribution tubing for emitters and other devices specifications include but are not limited to: 1. The blank tubing shall be extruded from ultra-violet resistant polyethylene resin materials with a wall thickness of 0.04" (1 mm), outside diameter of 0.250" (6.3 mm), and inside diameter of
- 0.170" (4.3 mm). 2. Operating pressure range from 0 to 60 psi (0 to 4.1 bar).

EMITTERS

- A. Point source emission device specifications include but are not limited to:
- 1. The emitter shall be constructed of ultra-violet resistant acetyl materials.
- 2. Shall have a pressure-compensating design to deliver a uniform flow throughout a pressure
- range of 15 to 50 psi (1.0 to 3.4 bar) 3. Flow rates that range from 0.5 to 2 gph (1.89 to 7.57 l/h) at a pressure range of 15 to 50 psi
- (1.0 to 3.4 bar).

VALVE BOX

- A. Valve boxes specifications include but are not limited to:
- 1. Shall be made of structural foam HPDE resin that is resistant to ultra-violet light, weather, moisture and chemical action of soils.
- 3. Lid colors are available in black, green and purple designating non-potable water use.
- 2. Lids shall be clearly marked with the words "IRRIGATION CONTROL VALVE" molded onto the

PART 3 - EXECUTION

EXCAVATION

- A. Stake pipe and equipment layout for Owner's review and approval. Review does not relieve
- installer from coverage problems due to improper placement after staking. B. Excavate trenches for irrigation system pipe to provide minimum cover per plans and details.
- C. Barricade trenches that are left open overnight.

INSTALLATION

regulating devices.

- A. General: Plans are diagrammatic. Proceed with installation in accordance with the following: 1. Install stop and waste valves, backflow preventers, and other equipment required by local
- authorities according to laws and regulations in order to make system complete.
- a. Coordinate with the General Contractor the responsible for installing the backflow preventer and other irrigation items at the connection point. b. Coordinate with the General Contractor the for exact location of the irrigation connection
- 2. Thoroughly flush main lines before installing automatic control valves, and laterals before installing sprinklers. Flush supply lines thoroughly before installing backflow preventers or other
- B. Piping: Assemble all mainline and lateral lines in accordance with manufacturer's
- recommendations with no cul-de-sacs. Assure positive drainage
- C. Sleeves: General Contractor shall install sleeves before concrete/paving work. 1. Sleeves should be a minimum two times the diameter of the pipe passing through them.
- 2. General Contractor shall stub-up and flag sleeve locations for the Irrigation Contractors ease of
- locating. 3. Sleeve locations shall be approximate to that shown on the Irrigation Plan.
- D. Control Valves: 1. Install one valve per valve box and provide 12 inches of expansion loop slack wire at all
- connections inside valve box. E. Manual Drains:
- 1. Install per manufacturer's recommendations on upstream and downstream side of backflow preventers and at lowest point along main pressure pipe.
- F. Quick-Coupling Valves: 1. Install using 1 inch PVC nipples and schedule 40 ells as detailed. Location as indicated on
- 1. Install assembly complete for irrigation system with 2 drain valves and 2 shut off valves per detail, local laws and regulations, and per manufacturer's specifications.
- 2. Install assemblies with drain valves in below grade installations. Provide open box floor with gravel drain sump.
- H. Valve Boxes 1. Install over all remote control valves, manual control valves, zone shutoff valves, gate valves,
- or globe valves. Size to provide adequate room for maintenance. 2. Install boxes on level subgrade with proper drainage so that top of boxes are flush with finish grade material (sod, mulch, rock, etc.). Place parallel or perpendicular to adjacent curbs,
- sidewalks, or driveways. 3. Place washed gravel aggregate in sump as shown on details.
- Automatic Controller . Properly ground controller per local laws and regulations. Make all control wire connections to
- automatic controller. Coordinate controller installation with other electrical work. 2. Connect remote control valves to controller in numerical sequence as shown on Plans.

G. Backflow Preventer:

- J. Wire and Electrical Work
- 1. Use electrical control and ground wire suitable for sprinkler control cable. 2. Provide 120-volt power connection (by others) to automatic controller to conform to local codes,
- ordinances and authorities having jurisdiction. Low Voltage Wiring:
- a. Bury control wiring between controller and electric valves in pressure supply line trenches, strung as close as possible to main pipe lines with such wires to be consistently located below and to one side of the pipe, or in separate trenches.
- b. Bundle all 24-volt wires at 10-foot intervals and lay with pressure supply line pipe to one side of trench.
- d. Run 2 spare #14-1 wires from controller pedestal or electric control valve on each and every leg of mainline.
- K. Sprinkler Heads, Emitters, Rotators, and Rotors 1. Flush circuit piping with full head of water and install sprinklers after hydrostatic text is
- 2. Adjust nozzles to allow for adequate coverage and to minimize overspray onto walks, roads,
- 3. Stake emitter tubing with 1/4" Rainbird® TS-025 tubing stakes. 4. Adjust heads to be plumb and flush with finish grades, even with top of soil level or top of
- material level after completion of grading, seeding, sodding, and rolling of grass.
- L. Drip Tubing 1. Install all drip tubing in locations shown on the Irrigation Plan. To be laid out and installed per
 - the irrigation drip details (sheet L-2.1).

Install control wire for each control valve.

- Install flush caps as indicated on details. Install drip indicator on all drip zones.
- M. Thrust Blocks and/or Joint Restraints 1. Install on pipe sized 2" or larger wherever the main pipe line:
- a. Changes any direction at tees, angles, and crosses vertical and horizontal.

driveways, and buildings

 b. Changes at reducers. c. Stops at a dead-end.

d. Valves at which thrust develops when closed. BACKFILLING

- A. Do not begin backfilling operations until system tests and approvals have been completed. B. Bed all pipe a minimum of 2 inches. Backfill to 6 inches above pipe with soil free of rocks over 1-inch diameter, debris, or organic matter. Backfill remainder of trench with soil of like quality to
- adjacent areas. Haul away all material not suitable for backfill. C. Compact backfill in 6-inch lifts thoroughly to prevent settling damage to grades or plant material. Leave trenches slightly mounded to allow for settlement after backfilling is completed. Low areas
- and damage caused by settling will be repaired by Contractor at no additional cost to the Project or D. Prevent soil, rocks, or debris from entering pipes or sleeves.

FLUSHING AND TESTING

A. Flushing: After piping, risers, and valves are in place and connected, but prior to installation of sprinkler heads, thoroughly flush piping system under full head of water pressure from dead end

fittings. Maintain flushing for 5 minutes through furthermost valves. Cap risers after flushing.

INSPECTION

A. Arrange for Owner's presence 48 hours in advance of inspection walk-through.

- B. Examine areas and conditions under which work of this section is to be performed and ensure a complete and operating installation prior to scheduling a walk-through.
- C. Operate each zone in its entirety for Owner at time of walk-through and open all valve boxes as D. Expose all drip emitters under operations for observation by Owner to demonstrate they are
- performing and installed as designed prior to placing of mulch material. Schedule separate walk-through as necessary.

E. As necessary Owner will generate a list of items to be corrected prior to Final Acceptance.

RESTORATION AND CLEANING

cost to the Project or Owner.

- A. Flush dirt and debris from piping before installing sprinklers and other devices. B. Adjust automatic control valves to provide flow rate of rated operating pressure required for each
- C. Restore all damaged areas to original condition unless otherwise shown on plans at no additional



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Seal

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GHW

FSU# 04534

1 9/29/23 REV PER TOWNSHIP COMMENT

REVISION SCHEDULE

C

2021-005 NOTE APPLIED PROJECT# 010014-01-189 PRINTED FOR PERMIT

2023-07-25

IRRIGATION

SPECIFICATIONS